





2022-2024 Medium Term Expenditure Framework and Fiscal Strategy Paper 2022 - 2024 MTEF & FSP

A strategy for accelerated reduction in poverty through economic growth, redistributive programs and shared prosperity.

By
Presidential Economic Advisory Council

MARCH, 2021

FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF NIGERIA

#### **ECONOMIC RECOVERY** & GROWTH PLAN

2017-2020



WEE in Federal Government's New Economic Development, Poverty Reduction Policies and Covid-19 Invention Programmes Nigeria's Medium Term National Development Plan (MTNDP) - 2021-2025

OVERVIEW OF THE 2021-2025 MTNDP DRAFT

18 MARCH 2021





# Federal Government New Economic Development and Poverty Reduction Policies



NEW DEVELOPMENT PLANS	OBJECTIVES	PROGRESS	IMPLEMENT ATION STATUS	MDAS RESPONSIBLE	PROVISIONS FOR WOMEN ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT
Medium Term National Development Plan (MTNDP) 2021 -2025 Medium Term National Development Plan (MTNDP) 2026 -2030	To lift 100 million Nigerians out of poverty within the next 10 years	First draft submitted March 2021 Not yet	N.A Not yet	Ministry of Finance Budget and National Planning Ministry of Finance Budget and National Planning	There are dedicated thematic areas on women and crosscutting issue where gender was identified as a sub priority.
Nigeria Agenda 2050		Not yet	Not yet	Ministry of Finance Budget and National Planning	
Medium Term Expenditure Framework (MTEF) 2022-2024.	To highlights the macroeconomic and fiscal policy objectives of the government over the period 2022-2024 and the strategies to be implemented to achieve them.	Developed, Approved and Launched	Ongoing	Ministry of Finance Budget and National Planning	No Women Economic Focused Programmes
The National Poverty Reduction with Growth Strategy 2021	To lift millions of Nigeria out of poverty	Developed, Approved and Launched	Ongoing	Presidential Advisory Council	Programmes are in lumpsum



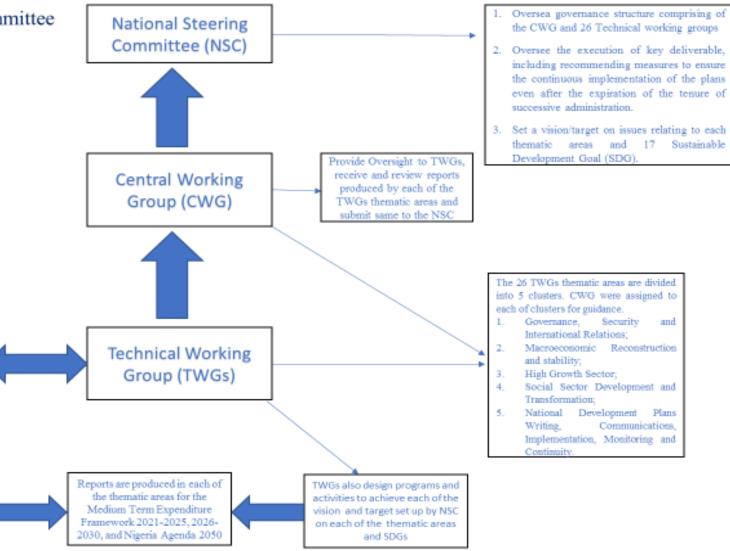


## MTNDP 2021-2025, MTNDP 2026-2030 and Agenda 2050 Planning Process

#### Relationship between each committee

Thematic arears in which each 26 TWGs works.

- Macroeconomic Framework and Growth Diagnostic (Inaugurated on the 4th May 2020 ahead of 25 other groups);
- Agriculture, Food Security, and Rural Development;
- 3. Manufacturing and Industrialization;
- Transportation;
- Housing and Urban Development;
- Cross-Cutting Issues (Employment, Gender, and People with Special Needs);
- Education and Manpower Development;
- Health and Nutrition;
- Environment, Social and Regional Development and Disaster Management;
- Digital Economy, Bio economy, Science, Technology and Innovation;
- Culture, Tourism, Creative Industry and Hospitality;
- 12. Defence, Peace and Security;
- Governance, Institutions, Administration of Justice, Anti-Corruption and National Orientation;
- Business Environment, Trade and Competitiveness and Product Space Mapping;
- Water Resources and Sanitation;
- Infrastructure:
- 17. Power and Alternative Energy;
- 18 Oil and Gas
- 19. Finance Sector and Capital Market;
- Foreign Policy and International Relations:
- Population and Identity Management;
- 22. Solid Minerals, Mining and Steel Development;
- Implementation, Communication, Engagement, Financing, Monitoring and Evaluation;
- 24. Youths and Sport Development;
- Women Affairs;
- Poverty Alleviation and Social Protection.







# Women And Gender Equity Strategies For Implementation in MTNDP 2021-2025

The MTNDP 2021-2025 policy document recognized WEE as a strategy in the implementation of the Women and Gender Equity component of the plan.

- "Facilitate the mainstreaming of gender issues in existing policies by providing technical supports to MDAs.
- Use technology to expand the reach and impact of gender programing and social mobilization campaigns.
- Effective track gender data by strengthening data collection capacity management systems.
- Supports women economic empowerment by facilitating access to financing, providing skill building trainings and supporting MSMEs business viability". (Source: OVERVIEW OF THE 2021-2025 MTNDP DRAFT, page 48)





## Opportunities for CSO Coalitions to integrate WEE into plans/policies/strategies

- Participate in the development plans/policies/strategies process
- Technical supports/expertise
- Evidence-based advocacy
- Mobilise and create awareness
- Tracking and reporting the progress
- Conduct gender audits





### Covid-19 Interventions by the federal, state and csos

#### NATIONAL LEVEL INTERVENTIONS

1. MASS AGRICULTURAL PROGRAMME (MAP)

The objective of the programme is to ensure the cultivation of between 20,000 and 100,000 hectares of new farmland in every state, as well as support offtake and agroprocessing, with low-interest credit to farmers. This will create millions of direct and indirect job opportunities.

#### 2. SPECIAL CASH RURAL WOMEN PROGRAMME

A one-off grant of N20,000 to over 700,000 poor and vulnerable rural women (widows and people with disabilities inclusive) across 36 states and FCT.

**3. NATIONAL SURVIVAL FUND:** is a Covid-19 relief Initiative in the NESP to support qualifying Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises by reducing its impact.





#### 4. ECONOMIC STIMULUS PROGRAMME

- Special Public works programme: N52billion implemented. No specified quota for women
- Social Intervention (Covid-19 conditional cash transfer): N30 billion. Over 700,000 women benefited
- Support to MSME: N75 billion. Only 45% of the beneficiaries are women.
- Loans to boast local manufacturing and production across critical sector: N1trillion
- Job creation scheme for youth and women post covid-19: N9.5billion
- Creation of 5 million jobs in the agric sector: N634billion. No specified quota for women
- Mine and Steel development: N6billion. No specified quota for women.

#### STATE LEVEL INTERVENTION

#### 1. PALLIATIVE DISTRIBUTION

17 states received N2, 744, 000 each for palliatives. The states are - Imo, Borno, Kebbi, Taraba, Oyo, Lagos, Ebonyi, Bayelsa, Edo, Anambra, Sokoto, Plateau, Kwara, Osun, Ekiti, Niger and the Federal Capital Territory (Ushafa, Peyi, Jigo and Pwambara Communities).





#### **Covid-19 Interventions Continue...**

#### OTHER INTERVENTIONS BY CSOs

- 1. UN WOMEN
- 2. INTERNATIONAL FUND FOR AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT (IFAD)
  - Capacity building for the women groups across the respective cooperatives on Covid-19 protocols and preventive measures
  - Provision of Sanitizers across the production centres of the women group
  - Provision of hand Washing equipment across the production centres of women Farmers
  - Provision of Face masks to Women with strict regulation on women following government regulations on Covid-19.
- 3. SPOTLIGHT INITIATIVE, EUROPEAN UNION AND UN TRUST FUND: USD 9 million to 44 women civil society partners in sub-Saharan Africa.
- 4. ACTION AID NIGERIA: advocated to the Nigerian government to prioritize women.
- 5. ASSOCIATION OF NIGERIAN WOMEN IN BUSINESS NETWORK (ANWBN): Advocacy to the government to increase funding for women.
- 6. MAMA MONI: provides financial literacy, entrepreneurship and vocational skills acquisition training, as well as capital for young girls and women.





### ADVOCACY MESSAGES BASED ON FINDINGS

- 1. There is a need for proper monitoring and evaluation of these interventions.
- There is need for interventions from the federal, state, donor agencies and non-state actors like CSOs/NGOs
  to mitigate the impact of Covid-19 on the livelihood of citizens' especially poor and vulnerable women and
  young girls in communities.
- 3. There is need for more gender responsive intervention or special quotas for women as more women and young girls are more affected by Covid-19 pandemic due to their engagement in the informal sector.
- 4. There is need for a robust and reliable data to capture poor and vulnerable women and young girls that are potential beneficiaries of the intervention's programmes.





